

An Overview of the HPGR and Fine Grinding Technologies to Characterize Ore Grindability

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WHEN YOU NEED TO BE SURE



Outline

- **Introduction**
- Bench-scale Testing
- Pilot-scale Testing
- Conclusions

- New technologies... but not that recent:
 - High Pressure Grinding Rolls (HPGR)
 - Cement industry: early 1980's
 - Diamond: mid 1980's
 - Iron ore: mid 1990's
 - Hard rock / Minerals: 2003
 - First IsaMill in operation: 1994 (Mount Isa)
 - HiGmill™:
 - Calcium carbonate industry: mid 1980's
 - Mineral industry: 2013
 - First Vertimill®: 1979

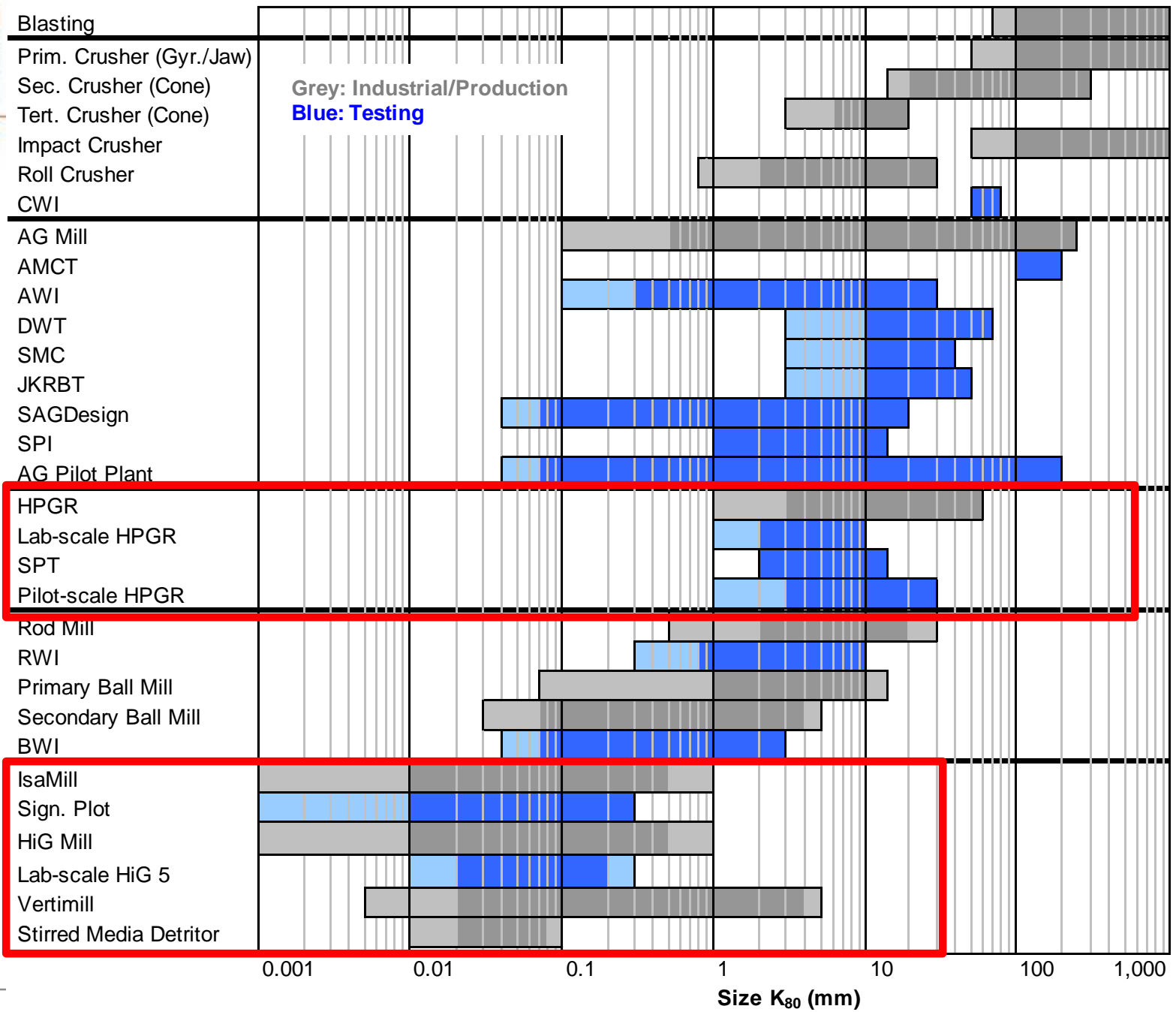
Outline

- Introduction
- **Bench-scale Testing**
 - **Bond Test Recap**
 - **HPGR** (Polysius)
 - **IsaMill** (Glencore)
 - **HiG 5** (Outotec)
 - **Jar Test** (Metso)
- Pilot-scale Testing
- Conclusions



Grindability Tests - Review

| | Small-scale Test | Mill Dia. | Top Size | | Closing Size | Sample Requested ¹ | Sample Consumed ² | Type | Steady-state |
|-------------------|---------------------------|-----------|----------|--------|--------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| | | (m) | (mm) | (Core) | (mm) | (kg) | (kg) | | (Y/N) |
| HPGR | Lab-scale HPGR | 0.25 | 12.7 | BQ | 3.35 | 350 | 300 | Locked-cycle | Y |
| | SPT | N/A | 19.1 | BQ | 3.35 | 10 | 7 | Locked-cycle | Y |
| | Pilot-scale HPGR | 0.71 | 35 | NQ | Various | 150 | 150 | Locked-cycle | Y |
| | HPGR Pilot Plant | 0.9 | 50 | - | Various | >2,000 | >2,000 | Continuous | Y |
| Ball Mills | Bond Ball Mill | 0.305 | 3.35 | Any | 0.149 | 10 | 5 | Locked-cycle | Y |
| | Mod Bond | 0.305 | 3.35 | Any | N/A | 2 | 1.2 | Batch | N |
| Regrind | Sign. Plot (Isamill) | 0.15 | 0.5 | Any | Int. Class. | 15 | 15 | Semi-Cont. | Y |
| | Lab-scale HiG 5 | 0.1 | 0.3 | Any | Int. Class. | 15 | 15 | Semi-Cont. | Y |
| | Jar Mill Test (Vertimill) | 0.2 | 0.5 | Any | Various | 15 | 15 | Batch | N |



Bench-scale Testing

Bond Ball Mill Grindability Test



Bond Ball Mill

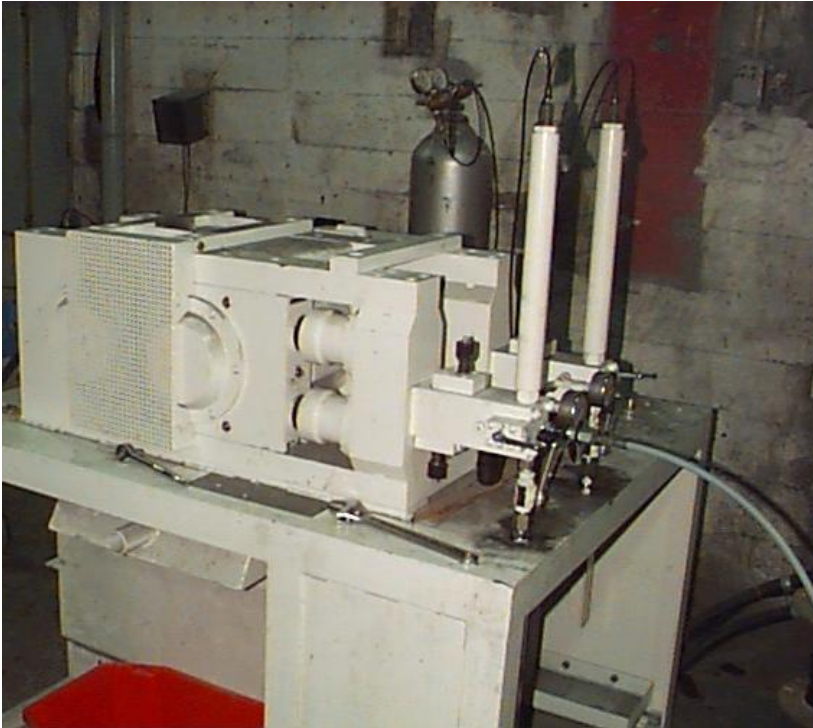
Deliver BWI for
BM design in
power models

Suitable for
variability testing

For lateritic ores,
the natural fines
are removed prior
to the test

Bench-scale Testing

LABWAL HPGR Testing



LABWAL HPGR

25 kg of 12.5 mm per test.
350 kg for full program

Batch / Locked-cycle Test

Deliver HPGR and BM
power

HPGR vs conventional mill
trade off studies

Preliminary scale-up but
need full PP

Less suitable for variability
testing

Prepare material for float /
leaching trade off studies

■ Two procedures:

● Batch Test

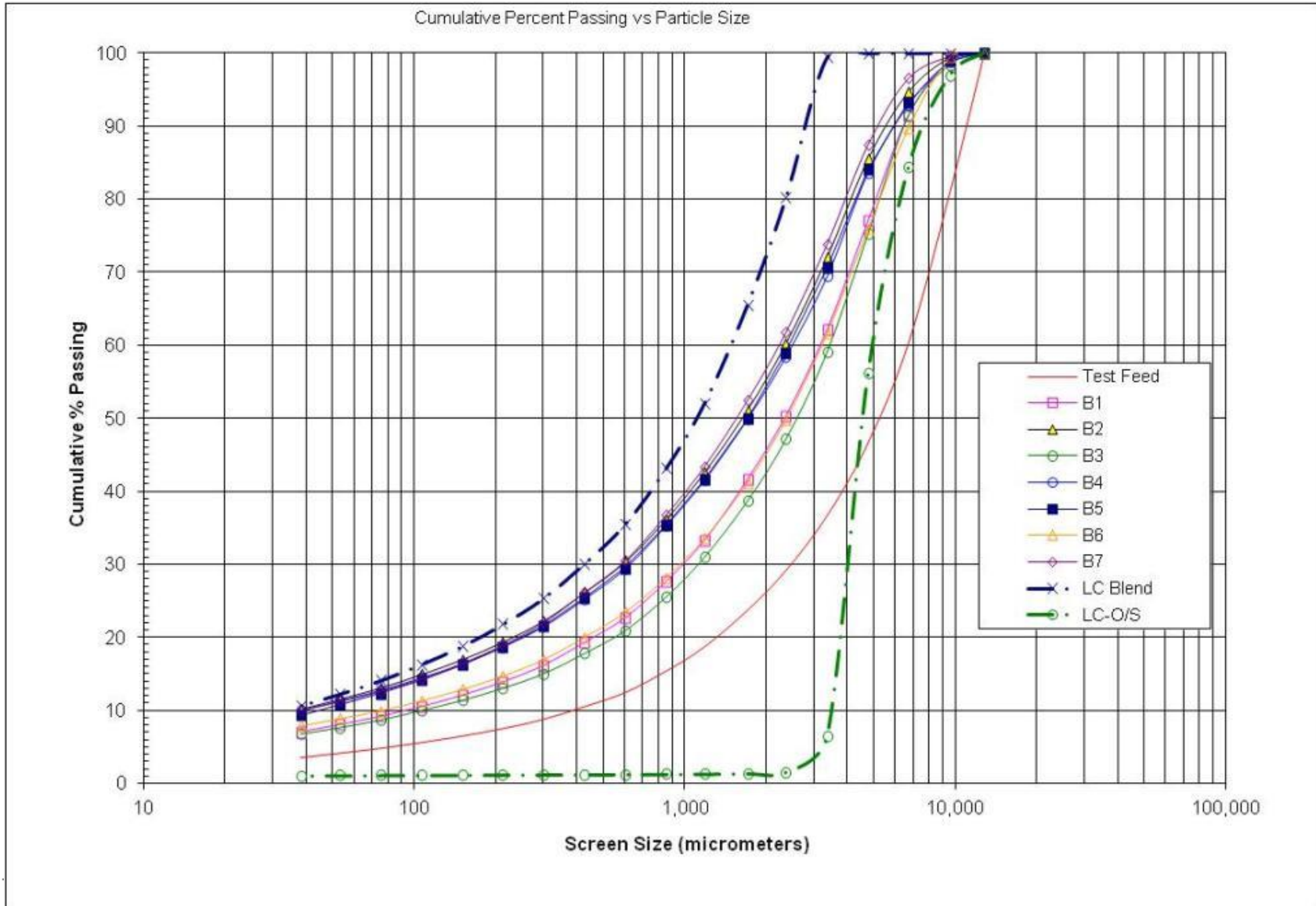
- 7 batch tests 25kg+ each, for 30sec+ of operating time
- Investigate impact of moisture and pressure on kWh/t and fineness

● Locked-cycle Test

- On optimal performance determined in Batch test
- Standard closing screen size is 3.35mm (6 mesh), or as per client needs
- Provide kWh/t for locked-cycle test, and other parameters use for design.
- Prepare material for BWI testing (micro-cracks and additional fines in the feed)

Bench-scale Testing

LABWAL HPGR Testing





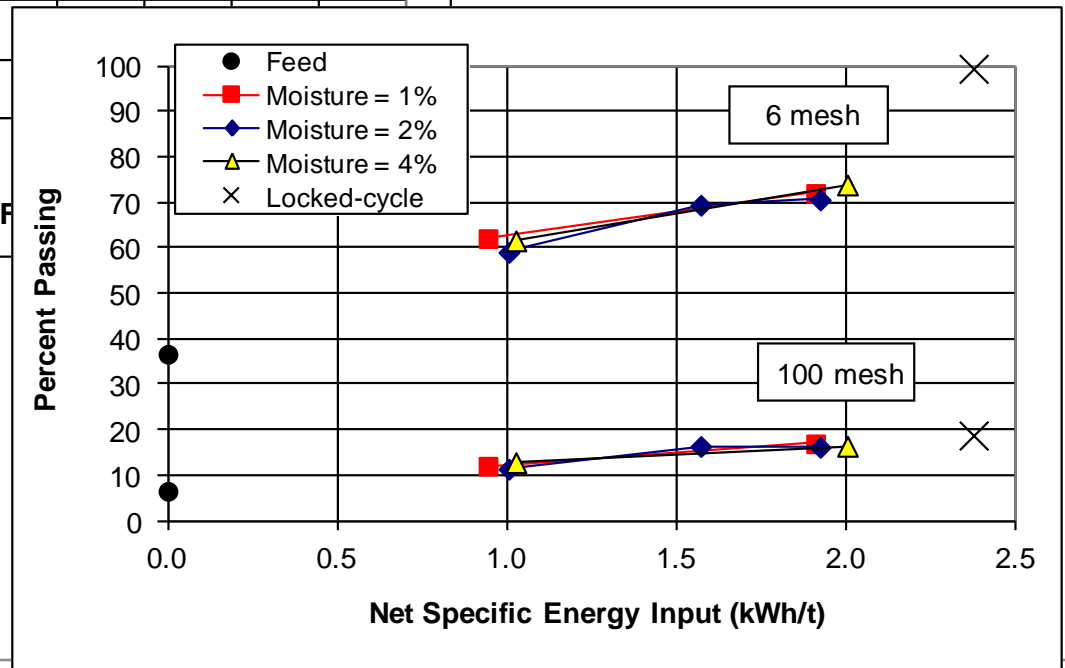
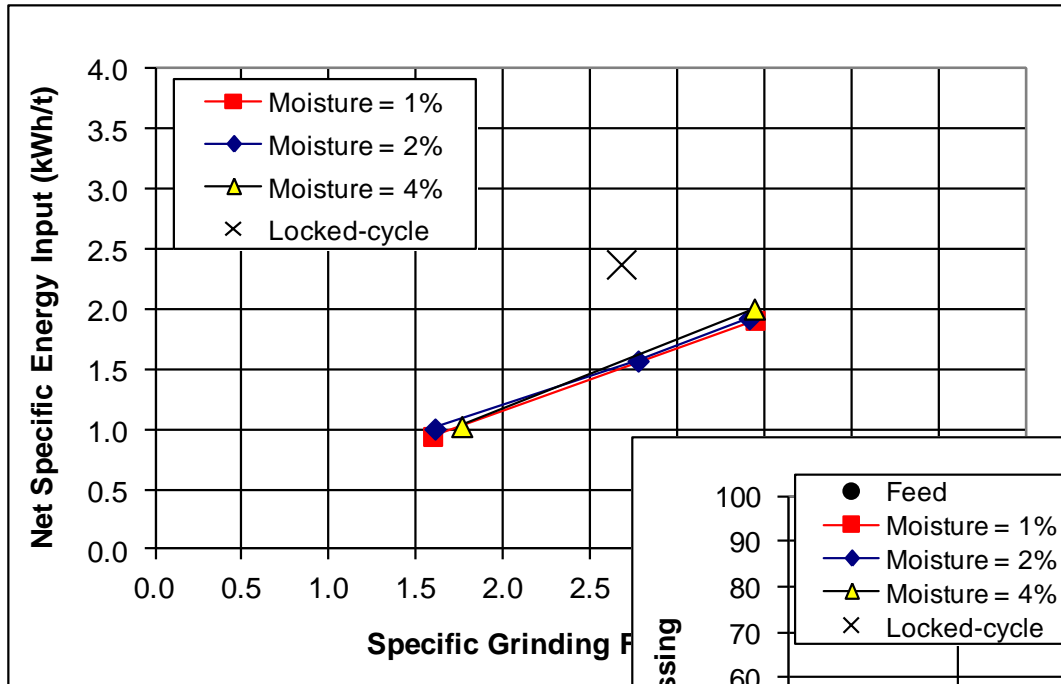
Bench-scale Testing

LABWAL HPGR Testing

| Test Results Summary | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| Test Number | Batch Tests | | | | | | | |
| | B1 | B2 | B3 | B4 | B5 | B6 | B7 | |
| Date: | 06/12/10 | 06/12/10 | 06/12/10 | 06/12/10 | 06/12/10 | 06/12/10 | 06/12/10 | 06/12/10 |
| Operation | | | | | | | | |
| Pressure of Operation (bar) | 32 | 69 | 32 | 56 | 68 | 35 | 69 | |
| Moisture (%H ₂ O) | 1.1 | 1.0 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 3.7 | 3.8 | |
| Dry Net Throughput (t/h) | 2.7 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 2.7 | 2.4 | |
| Circulating Load (%) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | |
| Gross Power (kW) | 3.5 | 5.8 | 3.7 | 5.0 | 5.8 | 3.7 | 5.8 | |
| Net Power (kW) | 2.6 | 4.9 | 2.7 | 4.1 | 4.9 | 2.7 | 4.8 | |
| Gross Specific Energy Requirement (kWh/t) | 1.30 | 2.28 | 1.37 | 1.93 | 2.29 | 1.38 | 2.39 | |
| Net Specific Energy Requirement (kWh/t) | 0.94 | 1.91 | 1.01 | 1.57 | 1.93 | 1.03 | 2.01 | |
| HPGR Product Analysis | | | | | | | | |
| P ₅₀ (µm) | 2,338 | 1,628 | 2,589 | 1,711 | 1,706 | 2,377 | 1,552 | |
| P ₈₀ (µm) | 5,130 | 4,149 | 5,298 | 4,374 | 4,302 | 5,292 | 3,950 | |
| Percent Passing 6 mesh | 62.1 | 72.0 | 59.0 | 69.4 | 70.6 | 61.6 | 73.9 | |
| Percent Passing 100 mesh | 12.0 | 16.9 | 11.4 | 16.4 | 16.2 | 12.8 | 16.4 | |
| Flake Density (kg/L) | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.3 | |
| Flake Thickness (mm) | 6.0 | 6.0 | 6.0 | 6.0 | 6.0 | 6.0 | 6.0 | |
| Performance Indicators | | | | | | | | |
| Specific Grinding Force (N/mm ²) | 1.59 | 3.45 | 1.61 | 2.77 | 3.41 | 1.76 | 3.44 | |
| Specific Throughput (ts/hm ³)-(m _f) | 241 | 227 | 238 | 231 | 225 | 238 | 215 | |
| Specific Throughput Rate (ts/hm ³)-(m _c) | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | 199 | |
| Specific Power (kW/s/m ³) | 228 | 433 | 240 | 364 | 433 | 244 | 431 | |
| New minus 6 Produced (%) | 25.4 | 35.4 | 22.4 | 32.8 | 33.9 | 24.9 | 37.2 | |
| New minus 100 Produced (%) | 5.5 | 10.4 | 4.9 | 9.9 | 9.7 | 6.3 | 9.9 | |

Bench-scale Testing

LABWAL HPGR Testing

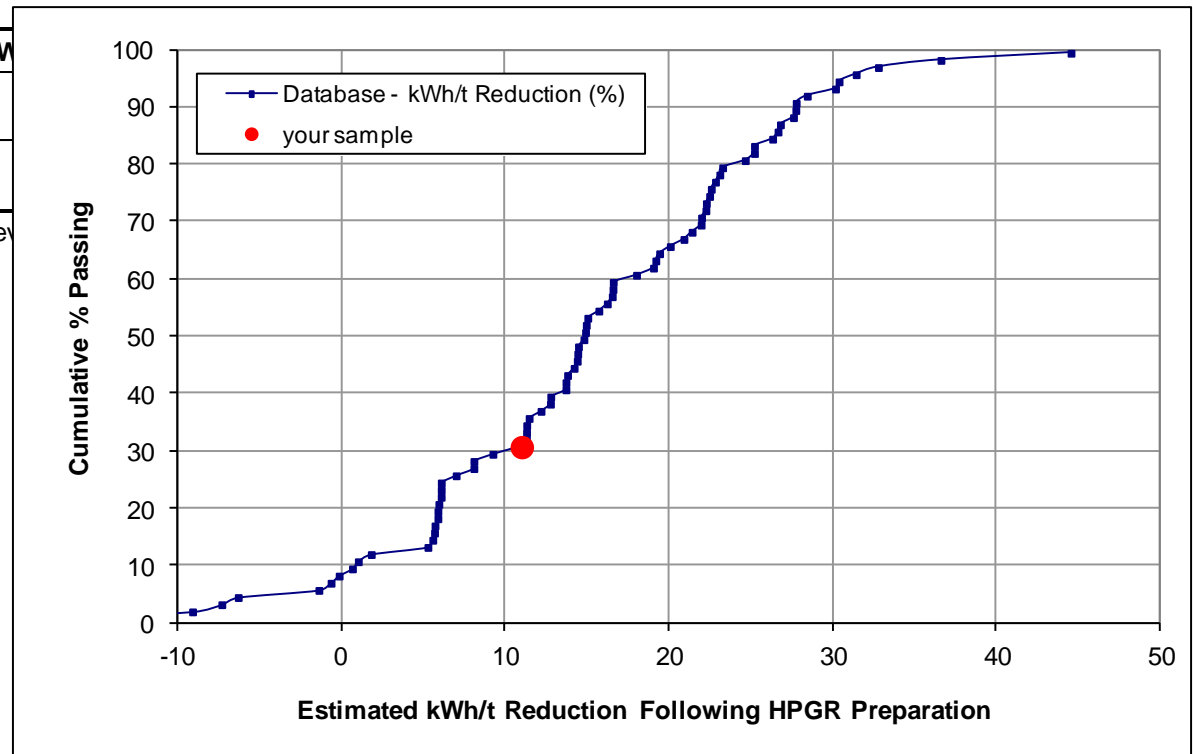


BWI test on HPGR product when HPGR-Ball mill circuit is contemplated

| Sample Name | Mesh of Grind | F ₈₀ (µm) | P ₈₀ (µm) | Gram per Revolution | Work Index (kWh/t) | Hardness Percentile |
|--------------|---------------|----------------------|----------------------|---------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| HPGR Feed | 120 | 2,357 | 93 | 1.43 | 14.5 | 50 |
| HPGR Product | 120 | 2,362 | 93 | 1.53 | 13.7 | 42 |

| BWI Balance, % weight W | | | |
|-------------------------|------|------|--------------|
| Sample Name | Feed | %U/S | to be Ground |
| HPGR Feed | 100 | 10.9 | 89.1 |
| HPGR Product | 100 | 15.5 | 84.5 |

* kWh/t reduction based on [gross gram per rev

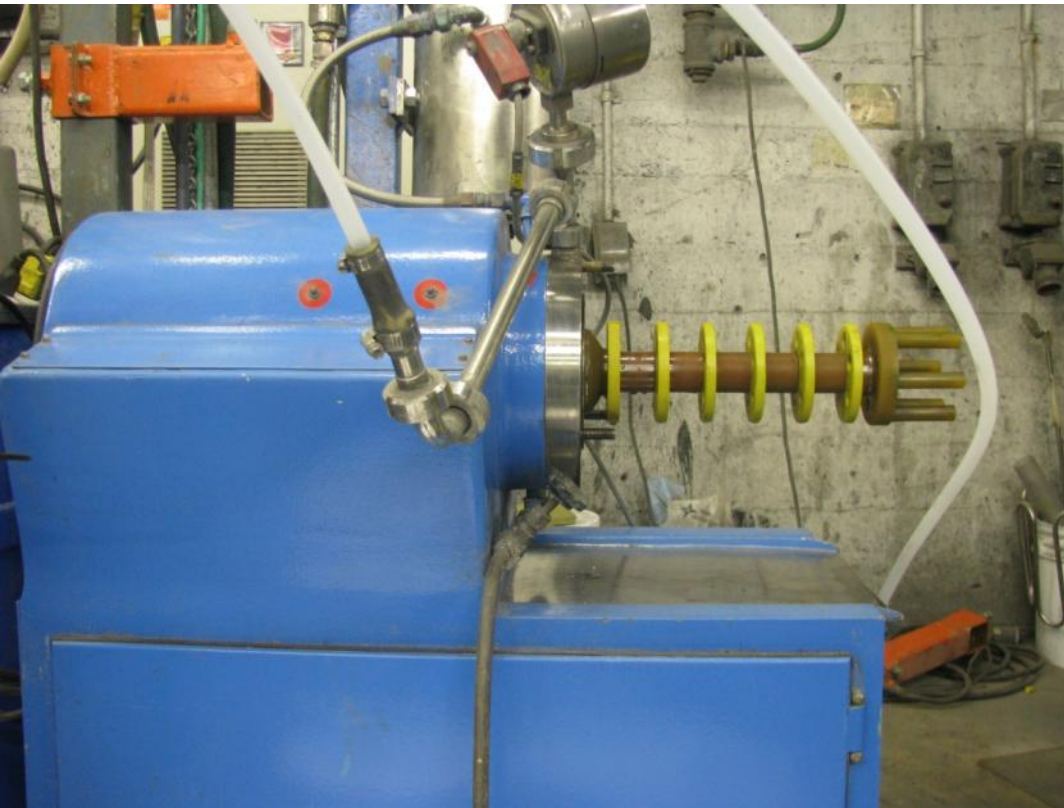


- Static Pressure Test (SPT)
 - For variability study
 - Piston with incremental pressure
 - Uses between 3 and 10kg

- Ore abrasiveness can be measured through the Atwal test (Polysius)

Bench-scale Testing

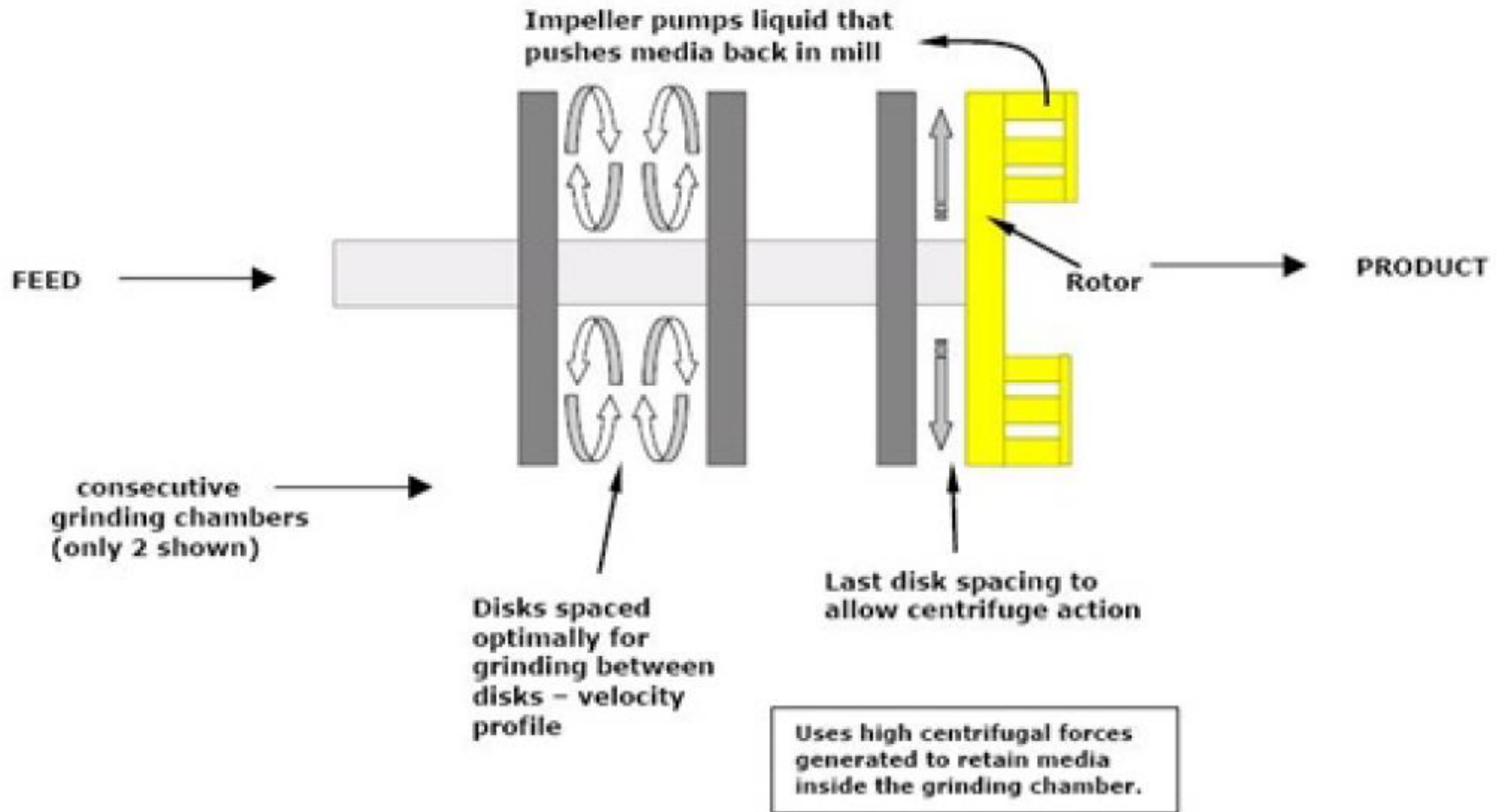
IsaMill Signature Plot



- Requires 15-kg of sample
- From 150 down to ~10 microns (K_{80})
- Generate kWh/t and media consumption
- Internal classification
- Direct scale-up
- Continuous operation for pilot plant testing

Bench-scale Testing

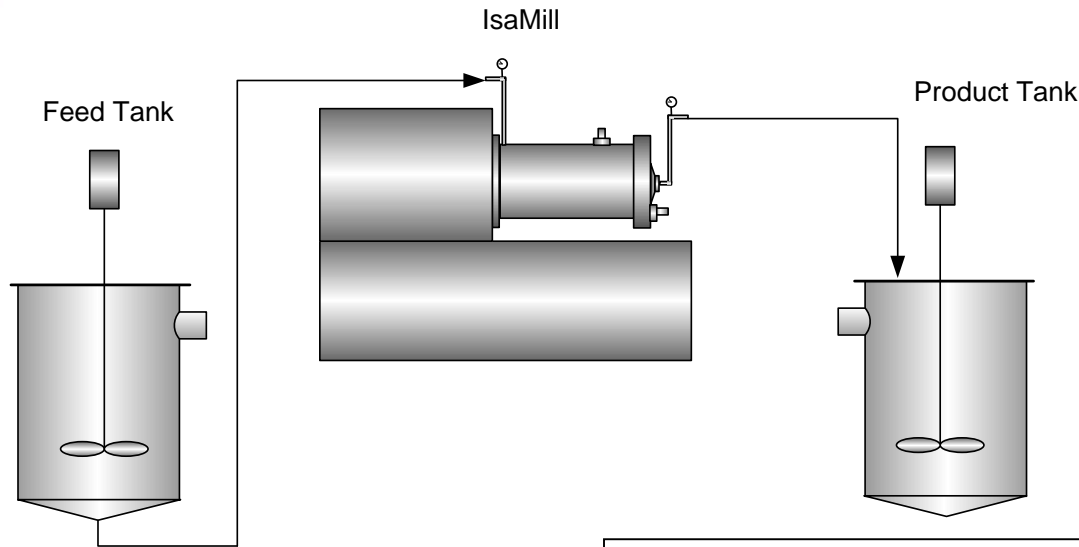
IsaMill Signature Plot



Bench-scale Testing

IsaMill Signature Plot

■ Setup



■ Parameters recorded:

- Feed % solids
- Throughput rate
- Number of passes required
- Media selection
- Feed and product pulp densities and viscosities
- Specific energy input
- Specific energy input vs. P80 curve
- Feed and product particle size analyses
- Media consumption

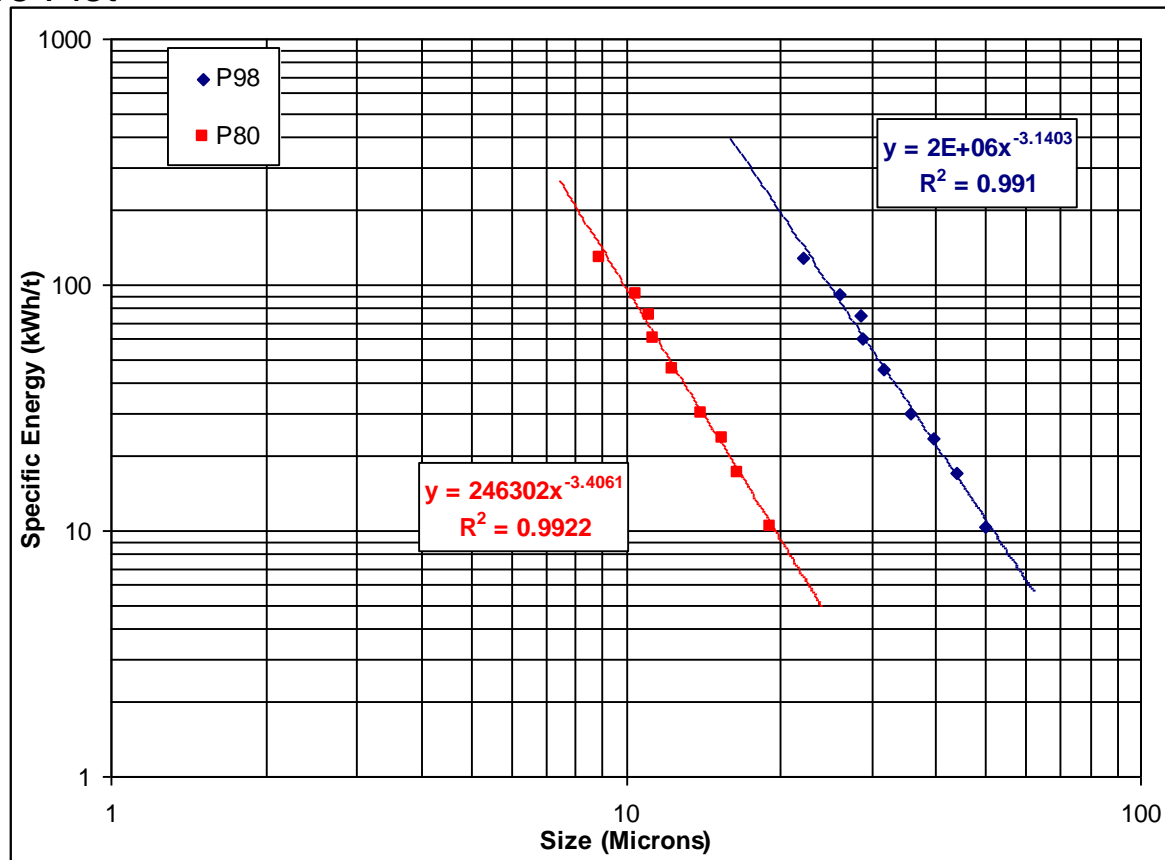
Viscosity is monitored at every pass, and water added when pulp too thick

Bench-scale Testing

IsaMill Signature Plot

Test Results

- Within reasonable reduction ratios, the log of size plotted against the log of energy, produces a straight line.
- This line can be extrapolated within the limits of media efficiency and viscosity.
- This plot is referred to as a signature plot, and is unique to the ore, pulp conditions and media selected.



Bench-scale Testing

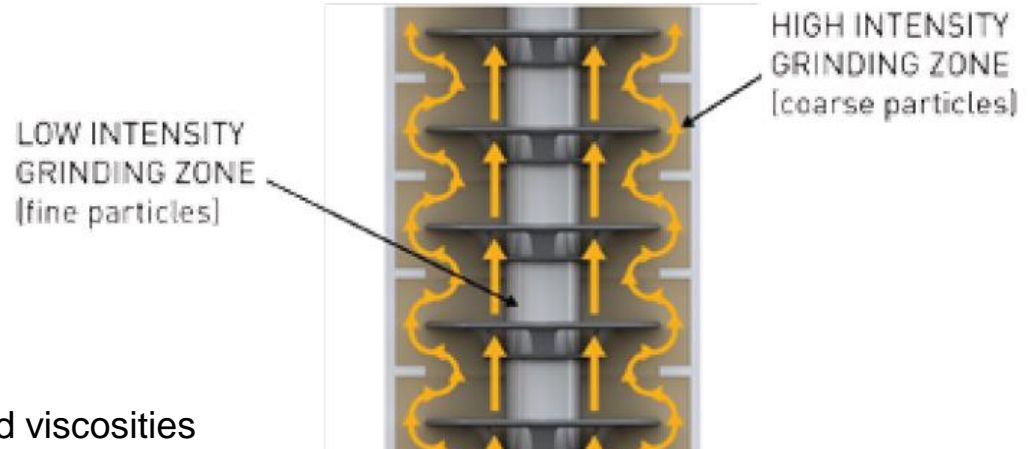
HiG 5



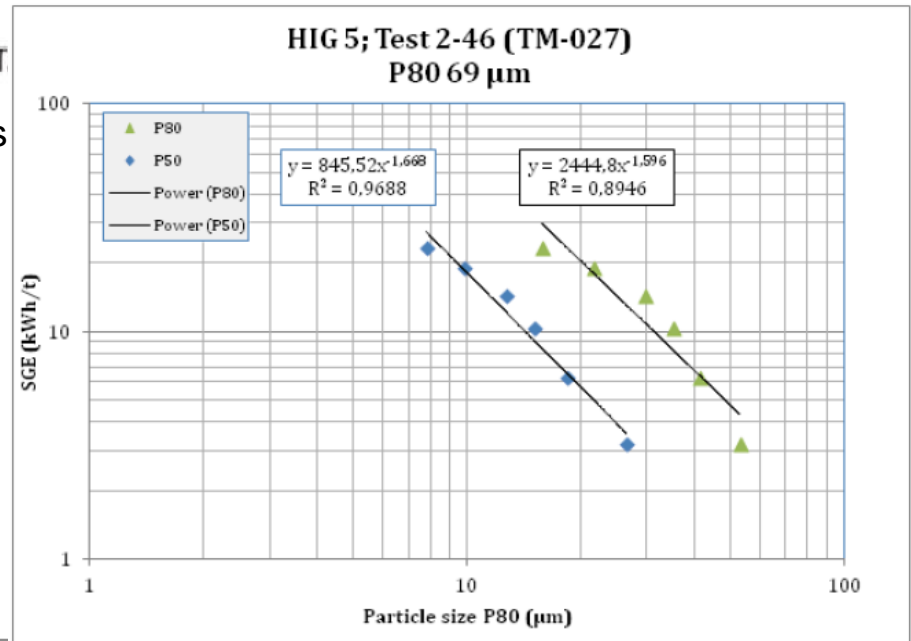
- Requires 15-kg of sample
- From 200 down to ~20 microns (K_{80})
- Generate kWh/t and media consumption
- Internal classification
- Continuous operation for pilot plant testing

Variables:

- Feed % solids
- Throughput rate
- Number of passes required
- Shaft speed
- Media selection
- Feed and product pulp densities and viscosities
- Specific energy input
- Specific energy input vs. P80 curve
- Feed and product particle size analyses

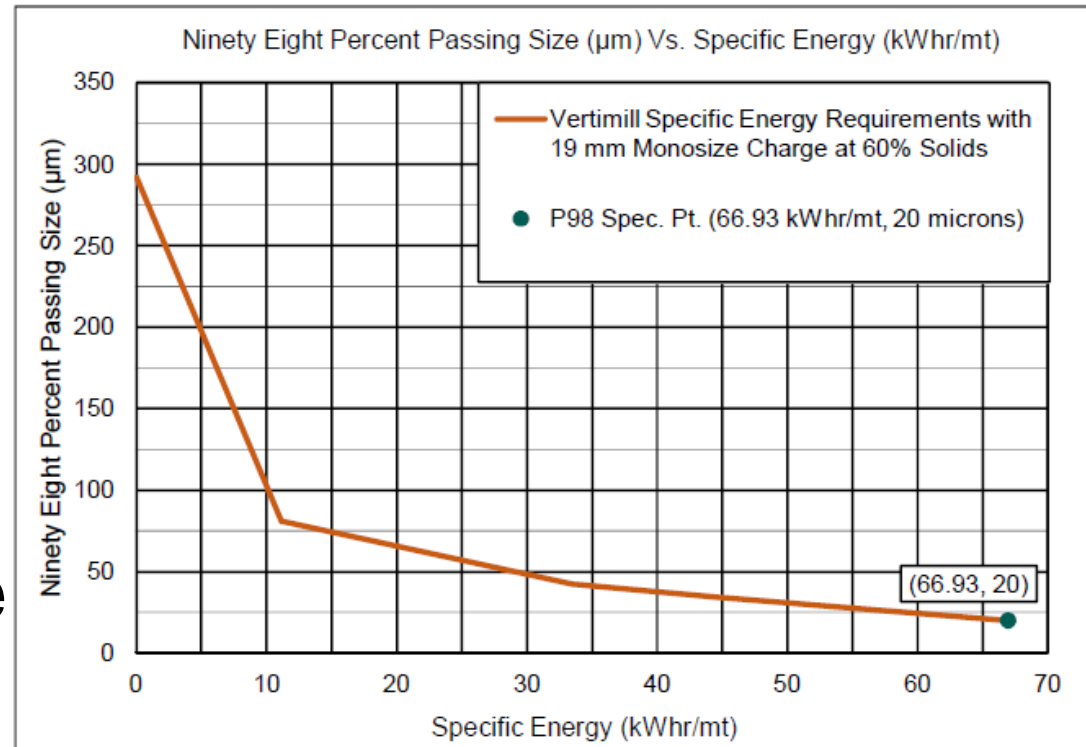


ROT



ER

- Multiple wet batch tumbling grinding test (4-5 per sample)
- Calculations for indicated energy requirements
- Specific energy input vs. P_{98} curve



Outline

- Characterisation Objectives
- Bench-scale Testing
- **Pilot-scale Testing**
- Conclusions

Pilot-scale Testing Consideration

- Integrated Circuit, or Unusual Operating Conditions
 - Introduction of metallurgical separation units, such as coarse magnetic separation
 - HPGR to a fine size, which may causing excessive circulating load
 - Operation conditions falling outside typical range (mill speed, load, ball charge, etc.)

- Unusual Ores
 - Highly heterogeneous ores
 - When ores with significantly different grindability characteristics are to be blended
 - Fall outside 'normal range', such as extremely hard ores
 - Other unusual behaviours: ore containing flakes, fibres, or unusual rheology, soluble component, etc.

Pilot-scale Testing Consideration

- **Conflicting Results**
 - Two methodologies presenting significantly different conclusions
- **Should be Conducted when in Doubt**

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- **Conclusions**

Conclusions

- HPGR and HiGmill™ technologies were not available to the hard rock industry until recently (wear, fear of different technology, etc).
- HPGR should be considered early in the project (not only AG milling)
- Important to do regrind test on proper material, as regrind feed characteristics are significantly different than raw material.
- Confirmation through pilot plant is always desirable

Questions?

