2xEP Doubling Australia's Energy Productivity

IMARC 11 November 2015 Jonathan Jutsen/Anita Stadler



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See <u>www.2xEP.org.au</u> and my Linkedin page

Background: A2SE and 2xEP

- A2SE not-for-profit company established 2009 for a more energy efficient and productive Australia. Board of senior energy management experts.
- Recognised need for improving national productivity, competitiveness and jobs. Launched 2xEP in January 2014

• 2xEP= Double energy productivity by 2030 (2010 base)

- Steering Committee directs 2xEP, which includes Sid Marris form MCA
- 10 working groups





PRESIDENT OBAMA

I'm issuing a new goal for America: let's cut in half the energy wasted by our homes and businesses over the next twenty years. – State of the Union, February 2013

What is energy productivity (EP)?

Value created by using each unit of energy

... looking at energy use as a driver of total mining productivity



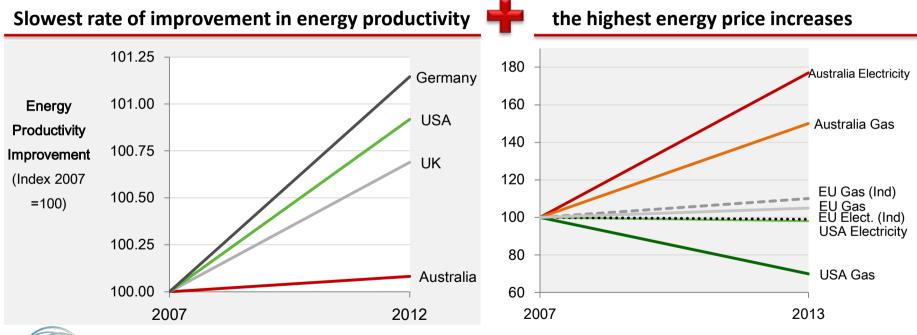
Why is EP important to the mining industry?

- Competitiveness / Bottom line benefit
- Climate change / License to operate
- Fuel security

Competitiveness, is the burning platform...



Plunging energy competitiveness (\$GDP/\$energy)





Chasing a moving target



Double energy productivity by 2030 (2010)



20% reduction in energy intensity by 2020 (1990) and 27%⁺ by 2030

Improved energy intensity 153% 1990-2009 and 16% 2011 -2015



Sustainable Energy for All: Double rate of EE improvement by 2030 (to 2.8% pa)



Avoiding 2^oC increase for post 2020 action plans



Strengthening voluntary collaboration on EE/EP





Launch of Global Alliance for EP – 2xEP focus on China, India and Europe

Achieving 2xEP will ensure we keep pace with key competitors and also:

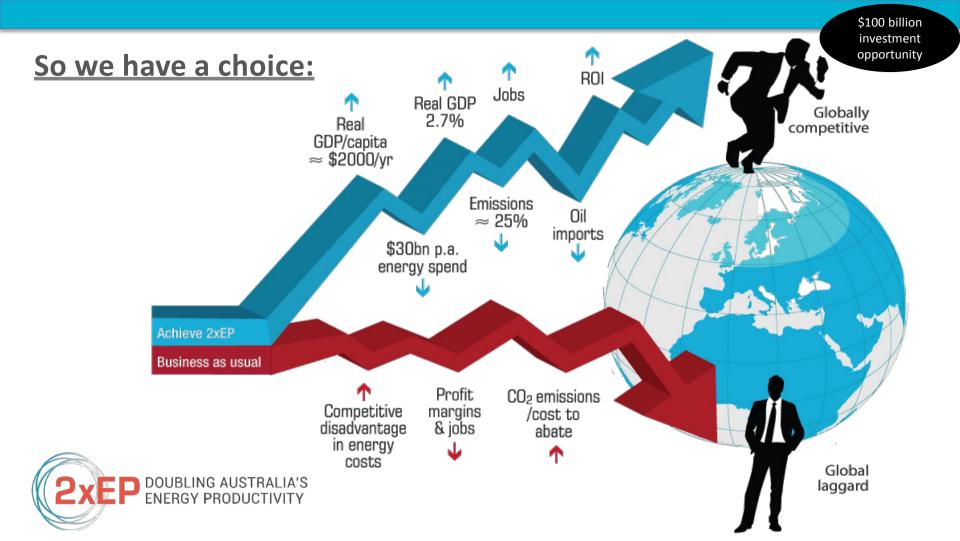




Contribute >50% towards Australia's 2030 emissions reduction target

Reduce Australia's dependency on fuel imports (and negative impact on the Balance of Payment)



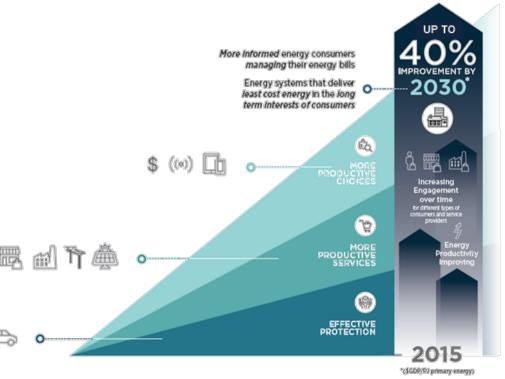


<u>COAG Energy Council has committed to a coordinated</u> National Energy Productivity Plan (NEPP)

Common objectives:

- reduce costs for energy users
- maintain our competitiveness
- grow Australia's economy
- reduce carbon emissions
- improve our sustainability

Agreed July 2015



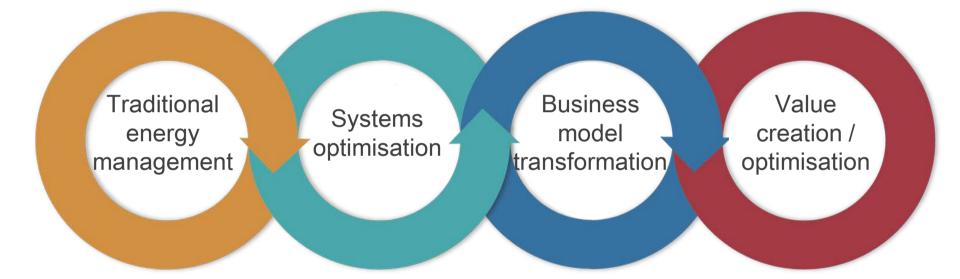
<u>Submission to NEPP – mining</u>

- Broader ARENA mandate to include EP RD&D
- 2xEP Challenge
- Improved information via EEX and outreach
- Incentives for metering and tracking energy
- Review on accelerating investment in EP
- Freight transport initiatives





Strategic focus areas for energy productivity





A focus on equipment efficiency and energy budgets

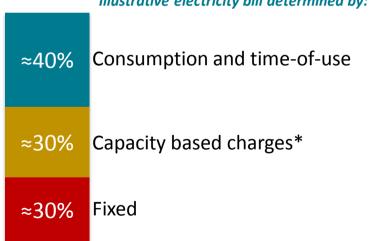


Data and management practices • Ore characterisation & feed preparation Hauling/materials movement Ventilation

Comminution processes • Froth floatation / mineral separation • Fuel switching • Procurement



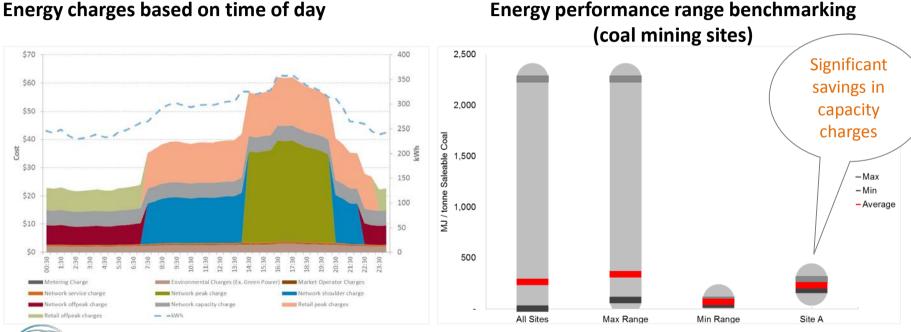
Understanding energy contracts to maximise the financial benefit of energy investments



Illustrative electricity bill determined by:

*Rate set annually based on contribution to system peak (i.e. reserved capacity or IRCR in the SWIS)

How hard does you energy dollar work?



DOUBLING AUSTRALIA'S ENERGY PRODUCTIVITY

Energy performance range benchmarking



Energy is a great diagnostic lens to unlock system wide benefits



Mine site: Smart blasting ● Characterisation of ore/target mineral size ● Optimal processing strategy ● Whole of site operations

● Collaboration ● Freight

EP DOUBLING AUSTRALIA'S ENERGY PRODUCTIVITY Example:

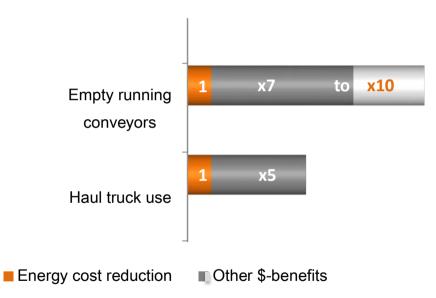


Recognise NPV positive energy opportunities, but capital constrained?

Energy may be ≈10%⁺ of operating cost, but can be the proverbial 'canary in the mine' for whole of site management practices



A recent example from a Western Australian site





Other \$ benefits?

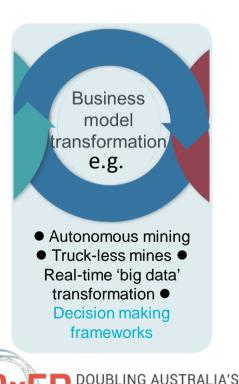
- Reduced maintenance cost
- Extend part / equipment life
- Reduce downtime / increased throughput

Impact?

- energy cost + other resource inputs
 (incl. labour) + output = profit
- future demand for CAPEX



Break traditional capital, labour, energy and throughput



ENERGY PRODUCTIVITY

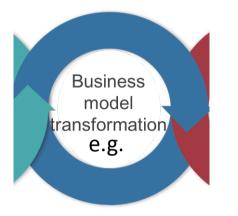


When you run a truck, it takes 10 to 11 employees for every truck. It takes 4½ to five to run it, all the crews that do the maintenance on it, all the camp people that do the camp cleaning and cooking and everything else.

If you go truckless (and use input crushers and conveyors) you do not need any of these staff ... at a time when you see increasing diesel prices ... getting rid of trucks or using fewer trucks is desirable

Marcus Randolph, BHPBilliton on truckless mines

Demand for new decision making frameworks



Challenging the prevailing wisdom? e.g.

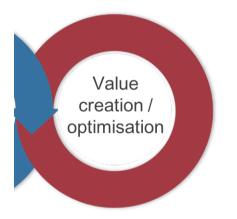
Sites managed on production metrics (e.g. maximise mill resource recovery)

Sites managed as profit centres *



* Nothing that where acid mine drainage (AMD) is a high risk, adopting a whole of life decision making paradigm may result in an increased focus on resource recovery – integrated into mine planning and operations

Innovation and best in class standards required for Australian resource companies to sustain growth / global market share



including quality and environmental standards / social licence to operate

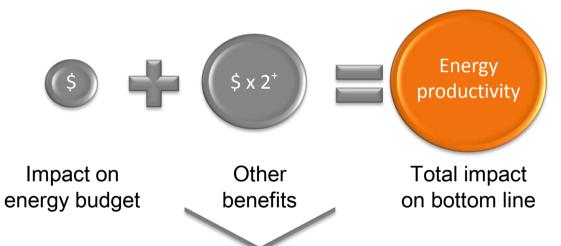
- Increased throughput*
- Reduced waste (risk of AMD) *
- Value add (e.g. pelletisation)
- Pre-empt / respond to changes in environmental standards in key markets



**often facilitated by strategies discussed under the previous three focus areas*

Energy is a controllable cost and investment in energy projects

can deliver significant non-energy business benefits



including impact on capital and labour productivity

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DOUBLING AUSTRALIA'S ENERGY PRODUCTIVITY

...industry players are getting better at quantifying the benefits beyond the energy budget

2xEP Doubling Australia's Energy Productivity



Doing more. Using less.

Questions?



"It is best to be prepared for a low gold price environment, so you are better positioned to tackle an upside in the gold price"

Srinivasan Venkatakrishnan, CEO AngloGold